

2025年度 北陸大学一般選抜(本学独自方式)A日程問題

(2月4日実施)

英 語

(注 意)

1. 問題冊子は本文10ページ、問題Ⅰ～Ⅵ、解答数47。
2. 解答用紙はマークシート1枚、解答はマークシートのそれぞれの解答欄の
当てはまる選択肢の枠内をぬりつぶすこと(複数解答は無効)。
3. 解答用マークシートは、持ち帰ってはならない。
4. 試験終了後、問題冊子は持ち帰ること。
5. コピー及び二次利用は行わないこと。

問題Ⅰ Aに対するBの応答として、もっとも適切なものを選びなさい。

1. A: Do you know how long it takes to fix the air conditioner?

B: ()

- ① Going without air conditioning is unbearable.
- ② I have no idea. I'll call the repair shop.
- ③ It was extremely hot last summer.
- ④ It'll cost \$600.

2. A: Do you need a ride to the airport, or are you taking a bus?

B: ()

- ① It's on the right, next to the newsstand.
- ② There are not many places to eat in that airport.
- ③ What's your favorite travel destination?
- ④ Would you mind giving me a ride?

3. A: Have you had a chance to talk to Eric recently?

B: ()

- ① Eric recently bought a new car.
- ② I guess he could be.
- ③ No, he has been sick in bed.
- ④ Yes, I have been too busy to see him.

4. A: Hello, I am calling to have pizza delivered tonight.

B: ()

- ① Can I have your address and phone number?
- ② How long will it take to be delivered?
- ③ I'm so full that I cannot eat any more.
- ④ Is it for here or to go?

5. A: Didn't you see a box of cookies on the top of the cupboard?

B: ()

- ① Actually, I ate them with Tim.
- ② I think your homemade cookies are the best.
- ③ My apartment is on the top floor.
- ④ You love baking cookies.

問題Ⅱ 次の対話が成立するように、()内に入れるのもっとも適切なものを選びなさい。

Travel Agent: Good afternoon, sir. Are you interested in planning some travel?

Customer: Yes, thank you. I have three weeks of vacation time and would like to (6)

Travel Agent: That sounds great. I can help you with that. Do you have flexible dates?

Customer: Sorry, I (7)

Travel Agent: Well, if you have some flexibility in your departure and return dates, we may be able to (8)

Customer: I'd sure like to save some money. Yes, I can be flexible! I would like to go anytime between August 4th and the 25th.

Travel Agent: OK, so a round-trip flight from Vancouver to Prague between August 4th and 25th. Do you have a (9)

Customer: Yes, I do. I would like to fly with Western Airlines. I am collecting their Flight Miles.

Travel Agent: OK, and one last question. Would you like a window or an aisle seat?

Customer: I'd like a window seat, please. This is my first time visiting Prague, and I (10)

Travel Agent: OK, I have booked you a flight from the 4th to the 18th of August! Remember, if necessary, you can cancel your reservation within 24 hours. After that, there are heavy penalties.

6. ① go to Prague for two weeks in August.
② go to Spain for a week in July.
③ rent a car and drive to Italy.
④ take a cruise ship to Vancouver.
7. ① am not dating anyone right now.
② decided I don't want to go on vacation anymore.
③ don't understand what you mean by flexible dates.
④ have no flexibility at all.
8. ① assist you in boarding the airplane before any other passengers.
② get you significant discounts on the price of your flight.
③ schedule your departure and arrival on the same day.
④ shuttle your luggage from your car to the terminal.
9. ① credit card or would you like to use cash?
② preference for economy, business or first-class?
③ preferred airline or are you using a point system?
④ suitcase large enough to carry all of your souvenirs?
10. ① am afraid of heights and don't want to look down.
② can't wait to go window shopping.
③ think aisle seats are for people who often go to the bathroom.
④ would love to see the view of the city from the air.

問題Ⅲ () 内に入れるのに、もっとも適切な語句を選びなさい。

11. Hokuriku Corporation launched a new product, and users evaluated it the () among all others.
- ① high
 - ② higher
 - ③ highest
 - ④ highly
12. Bill made a big mistake in front of many customers, so he corrected () on the spot.
- ① him
 - ② himself
 - ③ me
 - ④ myself
13. In the opinion of the many consumers () surveyed, cordless vacuum cleaners were more popular.
- ① our
 - ② ours
 - ③ us
 - ④ we
14. I thought that it () misleading for some students, so I have already changed the title of this course.
- ① is
 - ② maybe
 - ③ must have been
 - ④ should be
15. You should take an umbrella with you tomorrow, although I am not sure () it will rain.
- ① as
 - ② because
 - ③ so
 - ④ whether
16. Sorry, neither Sally () I will be able to go to the event with you tomorrow.
- ① and
 - ② but
 - ③ nor
 - ④ yet
17. If I had studied English harder, I () an English teacher now.
- ① am
 - ② can be
 - ③ could be
 - ④ could have been

18. Hikari realized that she () her umbrella on the train after returning home.
- ① had left
 - ② leave
 - ③ leaves
 - ④ was left
19. Recently, I () one of the most famous books written by Mr. Jones.
- ① have been reading
 - ② start reading
 - ③ will be reading
 - ④ will read
20. () plans to come to the anniversary reception will need to arrive fifteen minutes early.
- ① Who
 - ② Whoever
 - ③ Whom
 - ④ Whose
21. Some teachers let their students () their smartphones instead of dictionaries.
- ① use
 - ② used
 - ③ using
 - ④ to use
22. Bob finished in second place in the race, but he looked () with the result.
- ① satisfied
 - ② satisfy
 - ③ satisfying
 - ④ to satisfy
23. The people () in the project expect their dreams to come true soon.
- ① involve
 - ② involved
 - ③ involving
 - ④ to involve
24. Cedric got used to () the machine as soon as he joined the new project.
- ① operate
 - ② operated
 - ③ operating
 - ④ operation

25. The () to the beach access resulted in attracting more tourists.

- ① improve
- ② improved
- ③ improvements
- ④ improving

問題Ⅳ 次の各文で、①～⑤の語句を並べ替えて日本語に対応する英文にしたときに、空欄の 26～35 に入る語句を答えなさい。

今日は、文化祭の出し物をどうするかを話し合います。

Today we ()(26)()(27)() the school festival.

- ① at ② what ③ are ④ we'll do ⑤ discussing

私たちの計画が大雨で台無しになった。

()(28)(29)()().

- ① heavy rain ② our ③ plans ④ the ⑤ ruined

誰かと出会って考え方がすっかり変わってしまったことはありますか？

()(30) ever ()(31)() completely changed your way of thinking?

- ① someone ② met ③ you ④ have ⑤ who

もうまる一年も髪を切っていない。

()(32)()()(33) for a whole year.

- ① my hair ② cut ③ haven't ④ had ⑤ I

あの山の上の方にある高い塔が光って見えます。

The ()()(34)()(35) looks shiny.

- ① on ② tall ③ that mountain ④ top of ⑤ tower

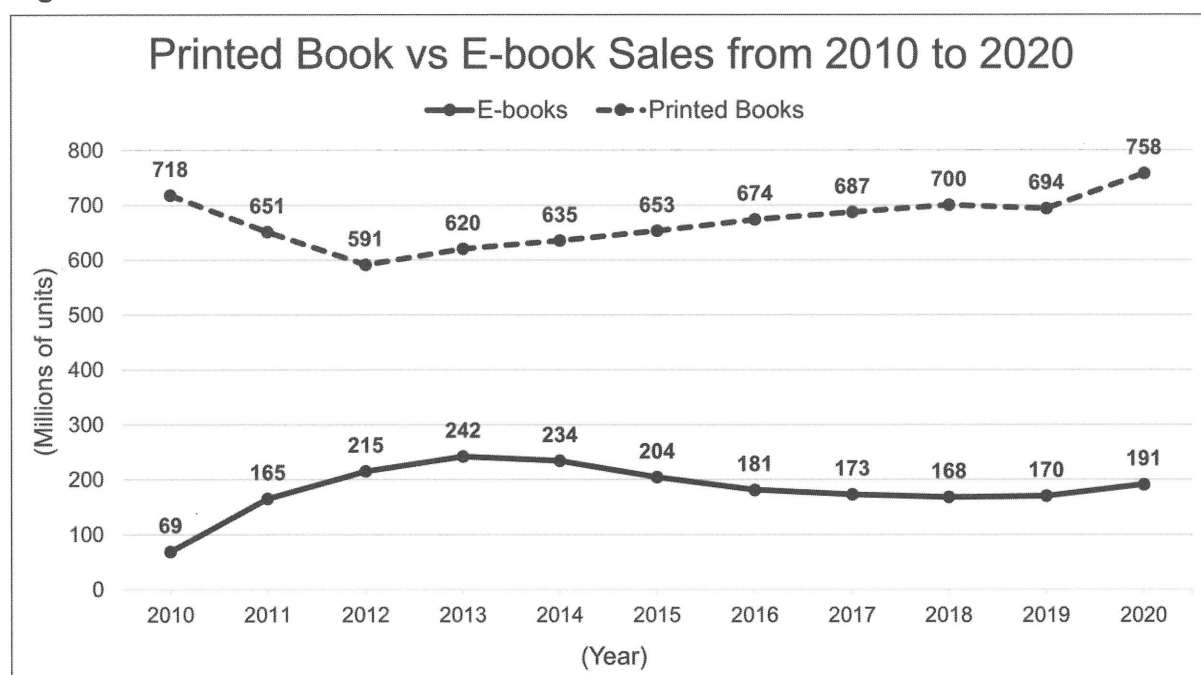
問題Ⅴ 以下の英文と図表を読んで、各設問に対して、もっとも適切なものを選びなさい。

The competition between printed books and e-books continues, and although printed books are still the popular choice, for supporters of each medium, what are the most important benefits?

The fundamental difference between e-books and printed books is the lack of a physical object, making e-books far more portable. You can store an entire library on your phone or tablet without the need for additional physical space. E-books also take up very little data. Because of small file sizes, hundreds of books can be stored on a single device. Furthermore, e-books do not have a fixed font size, so you can change the font, font size, color, or even the background. E-books also have the additional benefit of a built-in dictionary, making it simple to check the meaning of words immediately. E-books also offer an excellent way to take notes. Digital notes can be exported into any text editor and used in homework assignments and reports.

As for printed book benefits, 66% of readers believe printed books offer a more unique and fulfilling experience than e-books. College students comment that they remember information longer when it is printed. Children learn better with printed books. Teachers and parents believe reading 15 printed pages a day improves memory and language development. While discarded e-book devices lead to toxic electronic waste, old, printed books can be easily recycled. Most importantly, printed books offer a unique reading experience that appeals to the senses. The smell of the paper and the feel of the pages at your fingertips impacts readers on an emotional level. You feel it, you smell it, and you remember it.

Figure 1



36. What is the main topic of the text?
- ① Examples of the benefits of printed books
 - ② The advantages of printed books and e-books
 - ③ The reason e-books are becoming more and more popular
 - ④ Why printed books are more popular than e-books
37. What might you infer about e-book and printed book sales between 2010 and 2012?
- ① If the trend continued, e-books may have been more popular by 2016.
 - ② Many people simply stopped reading printed books.
 - ③ The decrease in e-book sales was caused by early printed book popularity.
 - ④ The price of printed books decreased, so fewer people bought them.
38. How do teachers and parents believe that reading printed books affects children?
- ① Children are happier reading printed books.
 - ② Memory and language development improve.
 - ③ Reading printed books is better for children's eyesight.
 - ④ When reading from printed books, comprehension increased.
39. Which of the following is NOT mentioned as a benefit of e-books?
- ① Several books can be stored on a single device.
 - ② They are more portable than printed books.
 - ③ They have a built-in dictionary.
 - ④ They offer a unique reading experience.
40. Which of the following is NOT mentioned as a benefit of printed books?
- ① Children learn better with printed books.
 - ② College students remember printed information longer.
 - ③ Printed books impact readers emotionally.
 - ④ Teachers and parents prefer printed books.

問題VI 以下の英文を読んで、各設問に対して、もっとも適切なものを選びなさい。

- 1 Physical therapy, also called physiotherapy, is a type of medical treatment for persons with impaired physical functioning due to disease or injury. The aim is to improve their range of movement through exercise and training, and in turn, restore their quality of life. The establishment of modern physiotherapy followed the development of orthopedics* and gymnastics* in 19th-century Europe. In the United States in the early 20th century, physiotherapy was used to help people affected by polio, a disease that can cause muscle weakness or paralysis, often in the legs, as well as soldiers who lost their limbs or suffered head or spinal cord injuries in World War I.
- 2 A key component of physiotherapy is the education of patients. It is not only about treating the individual factors of a disability; it requires looking at the body and life as a whole. Patients are given general advice on their health, such as the need to take regular exercise and maintain a healthy weight, along with specific instructions for their daily activities to improve their range of movement, so they can stay safely active and prevent further injury. However, patients recovering from disease or injury usually suffer from pain, discomfort, and lack of motivation. In such a state, they can be unwilling to engage in physiotherapy sessions. They may also become discouraged or frustrated during their sessions because they often do not see immediate improvement in their condition. Studies show that utilizing music in physiotherapy sessions can help tackle these challenges in multiple ways.
- 3 The rhythms in music can synchronize with the neuronal* activities in the brain that coordinate body movements, helping the patient keep a steady pace and improve coordination including better muscle movement during physiotherapy exercises. Music can help manage pain as well, as the brain uses the same neural pathways to process music as it does to process pain. When the brain is focused on music, there is less chance for pain signals to be processed and perceived. Music also helps ease lasting pain by boosting endorphin production in the brain. Endorphins are known to relieve pain and stress. All this means that physiotherapy exercise sessions can be physically easier to manage when there is music.
- 4 Hearing a familiar tune triggers dopamine release in the brain. Dopamine is a substance that carries nerve impulses between neurons and heightens the sense of pleasure and excitement. It has also been shown that music can lower the amount of cortisol. Cortisol levels go up when one is experiencing physical or psychological stress. Lowering cortisol levels eases pain and anxiety. In addition, music activates many parts of the brain, including areas associated with memory, emotion, and intelligence. Thus, incorporating music in physiotherapy sessions can enhance emotional connection, improve mood, and increase motivation. With music, patients may become less anxious and be able to participate more willingly and effortlessly in therapy activities.
- 5 Using music can also bring benefits to the atmosphere of the session and the relationships between patients and therapy staff. It can create a relaxing, fun, and pleasant environment where trust and friendly communication easily grow.

*orthopedics 整形外科科学

*gymnastics 体操、体育

*neuronal 神経細胞の

41. Which of the following patients would benefit from physiotherapy?
- ① A person recovering from a leg injury
 - ② A person suffering from a sore throat
 - ③ A person with hearing impairment
 - ④ A person with mild seasonal allergies
42. Which of the following is NOT mentioned as a factor that discourages participation in physiotherapy?
- ① Difficulty in understanding the exercises
 - ② Lack of immediate improvement
 - ③ Lack of motivation for recovery
 - ④ Pain and discomfort during recovery
43. According to the passage, how does music help patients move more comfortably during physiotherapy?
- ① It creates rhythmic vibrations that guide movements.
 - ② It provides distraction by blocking out background noise.
 - ③ It synchronizes with neuronal activities that coordinate movement.
 - ④ It triggers dopamine, which improves muscle strength.
44. According to the passage, which of the following is NOT affected by music?
- ① Bone density
 - ② Cortisol levels
 - ③ Pain perception
 - ④ Psychological stress
- 45-47. Choose the best summary of each paragraph.

Paragraph	Summary
1	What physiotherapy is and its origin
2	How physiotherapy works and its challenges
3	(45)
4	(46)
5	(47)

- ① How music affects your body during physiotherapy sessions
- ② How music affects your mind during physiotherapy sessions
- ③ Music creates agreeable environments

